AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1-19 (Canceled)

(Currently Amended) A demodulation device comprising:

a Fourier transform unit for performing a Fourier transform on a received OFDM signal

to output a subcarrier component obtained as a result of the Fourier transform;

a pilot signal-extracting unit for extracting a pilot signal contained in said subcarrier

component output from said Fourier transform unit;

a known signal outputting unit for outputting a known signal corresponding to said pilot

signal;

a first divider unit for dividing said pilot signal extracted in said pilot signal-extracting

unit by said known signal output from said known signal outputting unit to calculate a

transmission channel characteristic corresponding to said pilot signal;

a delay profile estimation unit for estimating a delay profile based on said transmission

channel characteristic of said pilot signal calculated in said first divider unit, and outputting a

signal corresponding to a maximum delay time that is an arrival time of a most delayed incoming

wave and a signal corresponding to a minimum delay time that is an arrival time of a front most

incoming wave in said delay profile estimation;

an interpolation filter unit for performing interpolation on said transmission channel

characteristic of said pilot signal calculated in said first divider unit along a time axis and along a

frequency axis, and outputting a transmission channel characteristic corresponding to said

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subcarrier component;

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a timing synchronization unit for outputting a timing signal that controls timing for

performing said Fourier transform in said Fourier transform unit according to said signal

corresponding to said minimum delay time output from said delay profile estimation unit; and

a second divider unit for dividing said subcarrier component output from said Fourier

transform unit by said transmission channel characteristic corresponding to said subcarrier

component output from said interpolation filter unit, to output a demodulated signal, wherein

said Fourier transform unit performs said Fourier transform according to said timing

signal; and

said interpolation filter unit sets a pass band of a frequency interpolation filter used for

said frequency axis interpolation based on said signal corresponding to said maximum delay

time.

(Currently Amendment) A demodulation device comprising:

a Fourier transform unit for performing a Fourier transform on a received OFDM signal

to output a subcarrier component obtained as a result of the Fourier transform;

a phase rotation unit for rotating a phase corresponding to said subcarrier component

output from said Fourier transform unit by an amount of phase rotation determined based on a

guard interval length of said OFDM signal and a frequency of said subcarrier component;

a pilot signal-extracting unit for extracting a pilot signal from said subcarrier component

the phase of which has been rotated by said phase rotation unit;

a known signal outputting unit for outputting a known signal corresponding to said pilot

signal;

a first divider unit for dividing said pilot signal output from said pilot signal-extracting

unit by said known signal output from said known signal outputting unit to calculate a

transmission channel characteristic corresponding to said pilot signal;

a delay profile estimation unit for estimating a delay profile based on said transmission

channel characteristic of said pilot signal output from said first divider unit, and outputting a

signal corresponding to an average value of a maximum delay time that is an arrival time of a

most delayed incoming wave and a minimum delay time that is a front most incoming wave in

said delay profile estimation;

an interpolation filter unit for performing interpolation on said transmission channel

characteristic of said pilot signal calculated in said first divider unit along a time axis and along a

frequency axis, and outputting a transmission channel characteristic corresponding to said

subcarrier component;

a timing synchronization unit for outputting a timing signal that controls timing for

performing said Fourier transform in said Fourier transform unit based on said signal

corresponding to said average value output from said delay profile estimation unit; and

a second divider unit for dividing said subcarrier component the phase of which has been

rotated in said phase rotation unit by said transmission channel characteristic corresponding to

said subcarrier component output from said interpolation filter unit to output a demodulated

signal, wherein

said Fourier transform unit performs said Fourier transform according to said timing

signal; and

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said interpolation filter unit sets a pass band of a frequency interpolation filter used for

said frequency axis interpolation based on said maximum delay time time.

22. (Previously Presented) The demodulation device according to claim 20, wherein:

said timing synchronization unit comprises:

an autocorrelation calculating unit for calculating and outputting an autocorrelation of

said OFDM signal based a guard interval in said received OFDM signal;

a correlation maximum point-detecting unit for detecting a maximum value of output

from said autocorrelation calculating unit and generating a first timing signal for controlling

timing of said Fourier transform based on said maximum value; and

a timing offset adjusting unit for adding an offset to said first timing signal according to

said signal corresponding to said minimum delay time and outputting said timing signal.

23. (Previously Presented) The demodulation device according to claim 21, wherein:

said timing synchronization unit comprises:

an autocorrelation calculating unit for calculating and outputting an autocorrelation of

said OFDM signal based a guard interval in said received OFDM signal;

a correlation maximum point-detecting unit for detecting a maximum value of output

from said autocorrelation calculating unit and generating a first timing signal for controlling

timing of said Fourier transform based on said maximum value; and

a timing offset adjusting unit for adding an offset to said first timing signal based on said

signal corresponding to said average value, and outputting said timing signal.

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24. (Previously Presented) The demodulation device according to claim 20, wherein:

said timing synchronization unit comprises:

an effective symbol length delay unit for delaying said received OFDM signal by a data

interval length subjected to said Fourier transform and outputting a delayed OFDM signal;

a complex multiplication unit for calculating a complex multiplication of said OFDM

signal and a complex conjugate signal of said delayed OFDM signal and a complex signal

corresponding to a result of the calculation;

a moving average-calculating unit for calculating a moving average for a predetermined

interval length of said complex signal output from said complex multiplication unit;

a correlation maximum point-detecting unit for detecting, based on a signal output from

said moving average-calculating unit, a position in said predetermined interval length at which

an amplitude of said complex signal becomes maximum, and generating a first timing signal for

controlling timing of said Fourier transform based on said position; and

a timing offset adjusting unit for adding an offset to said first timing signal based on said

signal corresponding to said minimum delay time, and outputting said timing signal.

25. (Previously Presented) The demodulation device according to claim 21, wherein:

said timing synchronization unit comprises:

an effective symbol length delay unit for delaying said received OFDM signal by a data

interval length subjected to said Fourier transform and outputting a delayed OFDM signal;

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a complex multiplication unit for calculating a complex multiplication of said OFDM

signal and a complex conjugate signal of said delayed OFDM signal and a complex signal

corresponding to a result of the calculation;

a moving average-calculating unit for calculating a moving average for a predetermined

interval length of said complex signal output from said complex multiplication unit;

a correlation maximum point-detecting unit for detecting, based on a signal output from

said moving average-calculating unit, a position in said predetermined interval length at which

an amplitude of said complex signal becomes maximum, and generating a first timing signal for

controlling timing of said Fourier transform based on said position; and

a timing offset adjusting unit for adding an offset to said first timing signal based on said

signal corresponding to said average value, and outputting said timing signal.

26. (Currently Amended) A demodulation device comprising:

a Fourier transform unit for performing a Fourier transform on a received OFDM signal

to output a subcarrier component obtained as a result of the Fourier transform;

a phase rotation unit for rotating and outputting a phase of said subcarrier component

output from said Fourier transform unit;

a pilot signal-extracting unit for extracting a pilot signal contained in said subcarrier

component output from said phase rotation unit;

a known signal outputting unit for outputting a known signal corresponding to said pilot

signal;

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a first divider unit for dividing said pilot signal extracted in said pilot signal-extracting

unit by said known signal output from said known signal outputting unit to calculate a

transmission channel characteristic corresponding to said pilot signal;

a delay profile estimation unit for estimating a delay profile based on said transmission

channel characteristic of said pilot signal output from said first divider unit, and outputting a

signal corresponding to a maximum delay time that is an arrival time of a most delayed incoming

wave and a signal corresponding to a minimum delay time that is an arrival time of a front most

incoming wave in said delay profile estimation;

an interpolation filter unit for interpolating said transmission channel characteristic

calculated by said first divider unit along a time axis and a frequency axis to output a

transmission channel characteristic corresponding to said subcarrier component;

a phase adjustment amount-calculating unit for outputting an amount of phase rotation in

said phase rotation unit according to said signal corresponding to said minimum delay time

output from said delay profile estimation unit; and

a second divider unit for dividing said subcarrier component the phase of which has been

rotated in said phase rotation unit by a transmission channel characteristic corresponding to said subcarrier component output from said interpolation filter unit to output a demodulated signal,

wherein

said phase rotation unit rotates the phase of said subcarrier component by the amount of

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phase rotation output from said phase adjustment amount-calculating unit; and

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said interpolation filter unit sets a pass band of a frequency interpolation filter used for

said frequency axis interpolation based on said signal corresponding to said maximum delay

time.

27. (Previously Presented) The demodulation device according to claim 20, wherein said

delay profile estimation unit outputs said signal corresponding to said maximum delay time and

said signal corresponding to said minimum delay time based on a transmission channel

characteristic after said transmission channel characteristic corresponding to a pilot signal has

been interpolated along the time axis.

28. (Previously Presented) The demodulation device according to claim 21, wherein said

delay profile estimation unit outputs said signal corresponding to said maximum delay time and

said signal corresponding to said minimum delay time based on a transmission channel

characteristic after said transmission channel characteristic corresponding to a pilot signal has

been interpolated along the time axis.

29. (Previously Presented) The demodulation device according to claim 26, wherein said

delay profile estimation unit outputs said signal corresponding to said maximum delay time and

said signal corresponding to said minimum delay time based on a transmission channel

characteristic after said transmission channel characteristic corresponding to a pilot signal has

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been interpolated along the time axis.

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30. (Previously Presented) The demodulation device according to claim 20, wherein:

said delay profile estimation unit comprises:

a signal sorting unit for sorting said transmission channel characteristics that have been

input in an ascending order or a descending order of frequency and outputting said transmission

channel characteristics;

an inverse Fourier transform unit for performing an inverse Fourier transform on said

transmission channel characteristics output from said signal sorting unit and outputting a signal

corresponding to a result of said inverse Fourier transform;

a relative level-calculating unit for calculating and outputting an electric power value in

said delay profile based on an amplitude of said signal output from said inverse Fourier

transform unit;

an incoming wave determining unit for determining a component corresponding to said

power value to be a component corresponding to an incoming wave if said power value output

from said relative level-calculating unit is equal to or greater than a predetermined threshold

value, and outputting, as a delay time of said incoming wave, a time difference between timing

for performing a Fourier transform in said Fourier transform unit and a tail end of a guard period

in said incoming wave;

a maximum delay time calculating unit for outputting, as said signal corresponding to

said maximum delay time, a signal corresponding to an arrival time of a most delayed incoming

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wave among said delay time output from said incoming wave determining unit; and

a synchronization timing offset-calculating unit for outputting, as said signal

corresponding to said minimum delay time, a signal corresponding to an arrival time of a front

most incoming wave among said delay time output from said incoming wave determining unit.

31. (Previously Presented) The demodulation device according to claim 21, wherein:

said delay profile estimation unit comprises:

a signal sorting unit for sorting said transmission channel characteristics that have been

input in an ascending order or a descending order of frequency and outputting said transmission

channel characteristics:

an inverse Fourier transform unit for performing an inverse Fourier transform on said

transmission channel characteristics output from said signal sorting unit and outputting a signal

corresponding to a result of said inverse Fourier transform:

a relative level-calculating unit for calculating and outputting an electric power value in

said delay profile based on an amplitude of said signal output from said inverse Fourier

transform unit:

an incoming wave determining unit for determining a component corresponding to said

power value to be a component corresponding to an incoming wave if said power value output

from said relative level-calculating unit is equal to or greater than a predetermined threshold

value, and outputting, as a delay time of said incoming wave, a time difference between timing

for performing a Fourier transform in said Fourier transform unit and a tail end of a guard period

in said incoming wave:

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a maximum delay time calculating unit for outputting, as said signal corresponding to

said maximum delay time, a signal corresponding to an arrival time of a most delayed incoming

wave among said delay time output from said incoming wave determining unit; and

a synchronization timing offset-calculating unit for outputting, as said signal

corresponding to said minimum delay time, a signal corresponding to an arrival time of a front

most incoming wave among said delay time output from said incoming wave determining unit.

32. (Previously Presented) The demodulation device according to claim 26, wherein:

said delay profile estimation unit comprises:

a signal sorting unit for sorting said transmission channel characteristics that have been

input in an ascending order or a descending order of frequency and outputting said transmission

channel characteristics;

an inverse Fourier transform unit for performing an inverse Fourier transform on said

transmission channel characteristics output from said signal sorting unit and outputting a signal

corresponding to a result of said inverse Fourier transform;

a relative level-calculating unit for calculating and outputting an electric power value in

said delay profile based on an amplitude of said signal output from said inverse Fourier

transform unit:

an incoming wave determining unit for determining a component corresponding to said

power value to be a component corresponding to an incoming wave if said power value output

from said relative level-calculating unit is equal to or greater than a predetermined threshold

value, and outputting, as a delay time of said incoming wave, a time difference between timing 12

for performing a Fourier transform in said Fourier transform unit and a tail end of a guard period

in said incoming wave;

a maximum delay time calculating unit for outputting, as said signal corresponding to

said maximum delay time, a signal corresponding to an arrival time of a most delayed incoming

wave among said delay time output from said incoming wave determining unit; and

a synchronization timing offset-calculating unit for outputting, as said signal

corresponding to said minimum delay time, a signal corresponding to an arrival time of a front

most incoming wave among said delay time output from said incoming wave determining unit.

33. (Previously Presented) The demodulation device according to claim 20, wherein said

relative level-calculating unit calculates a delay time-to-signal power value based on an

amplitude or squared amplitude of a signal output from said inverse Fourier transform unit and

outputs said delay time-to-signal power value as said power value.

34. (Previously Presented) The demodulation device according to claim 21, wherein said

relative level-calculating unit calculates a delay time-to-signal power value based on an

amplitude or squared amplitude of a signal output from said inverse Fourier transform unit and

outputs said delay time-to-signal power value as said power value.

35. (Previously Presented) The demodulation device according to claim 26, wherein said

relative level-calculating unit calculates a delay time-to-signal power value based on an

amplitude or squared amplitude of a signal output from said inverse Fourier transform unit and

outputs said delay time-to-signal power value as said power value.

36. (Currently Amended) A demodulation method comprising:

a Fourier transform step of performing a Fourier transform on a received OFDM signal to

output a subcarrier component obtained as a result of the Fourier transform:

a pilot signal-extracting step of extracting a pilot signal contained in said subcarrier

component output in said Fourier transform step;

a known signal outputting step of outputting a known signal corresponding to said pilot

signal:

a first division step of dividing said pilot signal extracted in said pilot signal-extracting

step by said known signal output in said known signal outputting step to calculate a transmission

channel characteristic corresponding to said pilot signal;

a delay profile estimation step of estimating a delay profile based on said transmission

channel characteristic of said pilot signal calculated in said first division step, and outputting a

signal corresponding to an average value of a maximum delay time that is an arrival time of a

most delayed incoming wave and a minimum delay time that is a front most incoming wave in

said delay profile estimation;

an interpolation step of performing interpolation along a time axis and along a frequency

axis based on said transmission channel characteristic of said pilot signal calculated in said first

division step, and outputting a transmission channel characteristic corresponding to said

subcarrier component;

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a timing synchronization step of outputting a timing signal for controlling timing of said

Fourier transform in said Fourier transform step according to a signal corresponding to said

minimum delay time output in said delay profile estimation step; and

a second division step of dividing said subcarrier component output in said Fourier

transform step by said transmission channel characteristic corresponding to said subcarrier

component output in said interpolation step to output a demodulated signal, wherein

said Fourier transform in said Fourier transform step is performed according to said

timing signal; and

in said interpolation step, a pass band of a frequency interpolation filter used for said

frequency axis interpolation is set based on said signal corresponding to said maximum delay

time.

37. (Currently Amended) A demodulation method comprising:

a Fourier transform step of performing a Fourier transform on a received OFDM signal to

output a subcarrier component obtained as a result of the Fourier transform;

a phase rotation step of rotating a phase corresponding to said subcarrier component

output in said Fourier transform step by an amount of phase rotation determined based on a

guard interval length of said OFDM signal and a frequency of said subcarrier component;

a pilot signal-extracting step of extracting a pilot signal from said subcarrier component

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the phase of which has been rotated in said phase rotation step;

a known signal-outputting step of outputting a known signal corresponding to said pilot

signal;

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a first division step of dividing said pilot signal output in said pilot signal-extracting step

by said known signal output in said known signal outputting step to calculate a transmission

channel characteristic corresponding to said pilot signal;

a delay profile estimation step of estimating a delay profile based on said transmission

channel characteristic of said pilot signal output in said first division step, and outputting a signal

corresponding to an average value of a maximum delay time that is an arrival time of a most

delayed incoming wave and a minimum delay time that is a front most incoming wave in said

delay profile estimation;

an interpolation step of performing interpolation on said transmission channel

characteristic of said pilot signal calculated in said first division step along a time axis and along

a frequency axis, and outputting a transmission channel characteristic corresponding to said

subcarrier component;

a timing synchronization step of outputting a timing signal that controls timing for

performing said Fourier transform in said Fourier transform step based on said signal

corresponding to said average value output in said delay profile estimation step; and

a second division step of dividing said subcarrier component the phase of which has been

rotated in said phase rotation step by said transmission channel characteristic corresponding to

said subcarrier component output from said interpolation step to output a demodulated signal,

wherein

in said Fourier transform step, said Fourier transform is performed according to said

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timing signal; and

in said interpolation step, a pass band of a frequency interpolation filter used for said

frequency axis interpolation is set based on said maximum delay time.

38. (Currently Amended) A demodulation method comprising:

a Fourier transform step of performing a Fourier transform on a received OFDM signal to

output a subcarrier component obtained as a result of the Fourier transform;

a phase rotation step of rotating and outputting a phase of said subcarrier component

output in said Fourier transform step;

a pilot signal-extracting step of extracting a pilot signal contained in said subcarrier

component output in said phase rotation step;

a known signal outputting step of outputting a known signal corresponding to said pilot

signal;

a first division step of dividing said pilot signal extracted in said pilot signal-extracting

step by said known signal output from said known signal outputting step to calculate a

transmission channel characteristic corresponding to said pilot signal;

a delay profile estimation step of estimating a delay profile based on said transmission

channel characteristic of said pilot signal output in said first division step, and outputting a signal

corresponding to a maximum delay time that is an arrival time of a most delayed incoming wave

and a signal corresponding to a minimum delay time that is an arrival time of a front most

incoming wave in said delay profile estimation;

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an interpolation step of interpolating said transmission channel characteristic calculated in said first division step along a time axis and a frequency axis to output a transmission channel characteristic corresponding to said subcarrier component;

a phase adjustment amount-calculating step of outputting an amount of phase rotation in said phase rotation step according to said signal corresponding to said minimum delay time output from said delay profile estimation step; and

a second division step of dividing said subcarrier component the phase of which has been rotated in said phase rotation step by a transmission channel characteristic corresponding to said subcarrier component output in said interpolation step to output a demodulated signal, wherein

in said phase rotation step, the phase of said subcarrier component is rotated by said amount of phase rotation output in said phase adjustment amount-calculating step; and

in said interpolation step, a pass band of a frequency interpolation filter used for said frequency axis interpolation is set based on said signal corresponding to said maximum delay time.

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